

## TEERTHANKER MAHAVEER UNIVERSITY

(Established under Govt. of U. P. Act No. 30, 2008) Delhi Road, Moradabad (U.P.)

## PhD PROGRAMME SYLLABUS FOR DISCIPLINE-SPECIFIC COURSE PHYSICS

Course Code:	Advances in Physics	L	Т	Р	С
PDS240126		0	0	0	4
Objective:	To familiarize the research scholar with the fundamentals of scientific research.				
Course Outcomes:	On completion of the course, the students will be able to:				
CO 1:	Understand Mathematical and classical Physics.				
CO 2:	Understand Electrostatics and quantum theory.				
CO 3:	Understand Thermodynamic and Statistical Physics.				
CO 4:	Understand Atomic & Molecular Physics.				
CO 5:	Analyze the Condensed Matter and Nuclear Physics.				
<b>Course Content:</b>					
Unit 1:	Mathematical and classical Physics: Dimensional analysis, Vector algebra and vector calculus, Linear algebra, matrices, Cayley-Hamilton Theorem. Eigenvalues and eigenvectors. Linear ordinary differential equations of first & second order, Special functions (Hermite, Bessel, Laguerre and Legendre functions), Fourier series, Fourier and Laplace transforms. Elements of complex analysis, analytic functions; poles, residues and evaluation of integrals. Classical Mechanics Newton's laws. Dynamical systems, Phase space dynamics, stability analysis. Central force motions. Two body Collisions - scattering in laboratory and Centre of mass frames. Rigid body dynamics- moment of inertia tensor. Non-inertial frames and pseudo forces. Variational principle. Generalized coordinates. Lagrangian and Hamiltonian formalism and equations of motion. Conservation laws and cyclic coordinates.				
Unit 2:	Electrostatics and quantum theory: Gauss's law an Poisson equations, boundary value problems. Ma Ampere's theorem. Electromagnetic induction. space and linear isotropic media; boundary conditi Electromagnetic waves in free space. Dielectrics a refraction, polarization, Fresnel's law, interference Quantum Mechanics: Wave-particle duality. S dependent and time-independent). Eigenvalue p harmonic oscillator, etc.). Tunneling through coordinate and momentum representations. Co uncertainty principle. Motion in a central potentia angular momentum algebra, spin, addition of angu Identical particles. Pauli Exclusion Principle	d its ap gnetost Maxwe ions on nd conc e, cohe Schrödi problem a barri ommuta il: orbit lar mor	plication atics: B ell's equ the field fuctors. rrence, a nger en s (part er. Wa ators an ators an al angul nenta; H	ns, Lapl iot-Sav ations ds at int Reflect and diff quation icle in ve-func nd Hei lar mon Hydroge	lace and art law, in free cerfaces. tion and fraction. (time- a box, ction in senberg nentum, en atom.

Unit 3.	Thermodynamic and Statistical Physics: Laws of thermodynamics and their
Unit 5.	consequences Thermodynamic potentials Maxwell relations chemical
	notential phase equilibria Phase space micro and macro states Micro
	potential, phase equilibria. Thase space, metro- and macro-states. Micro-
	Canonical, canonical and grand-canonical ensembles and partition functions.
	Free energy and its connection with thermodynamic quantities. Classical and
	quantum statistics. Ideal Bose and Fermi gases. Principle of detailed balance.
	Blackbody radiation and Planck's distribution law. First- and second-order phase
	transitions. Diamagnetism, paramagnetism, and ferromagnetism. Bose-Einstein
	condensation. Diffusion equation. Random walk and Brownian motion.
Unit 4:	Atomic & Molecular Physics: Quantum states of an electron in an atom. Electron
	spin. Spectrum of helium and alkali atom. LS & JJ couplings. Zeeman, Paschen-
	Bach & Stark effects. Electron spin resonance. Nuclear magnetic resonance,
	chemical shift. Electronic, rotational, vibrational and Raman spectra of diatomic
	molecules, selection rules, Lasers; spontaneous and stimulated emission.
	Einstein A & B coefficients Ontical numning population inversion rate
	equation Modes of resonators and coherence length Semiconductor devices
	(diadag junctions transistors field offect devices home, and beters junction
	(unders, junctions, transitions, field effect devices, nonito- and netero-junction
	devices), device structure, device characteristics, frequency dependence and
<b>T</b> T <b>1 1</b>	applications. Opto-electronic devices (solar cells, photo-detectors, LEDs).
Unit 5:	Condensed Matter and Nuclear Physics:Bravais lattices. Reciprocal lattice.
	Diffraction and the structure factor. Phonons, lattice specific heat. Free electron
	theory and electronic specific heat. Response and relaxation phenomena. Drude
	model of electrical and thermal conductivity. Hall effect and thermoelectric
	power. Electron motion in a periodic potential, band theory of solids: metals,
	insulators and semiconductors. Superconductivity: type-I and type-II
	superconductors. Josephson junctions. Nuclear and Particle Physics Basic
	nuclear properties: size shape and charge distribution spin and parity Binding
	energy semi- empirical mass formula liquid dron model Nature of the nuclear
	force form of nucleon nucleon notential Deuteron problem Evidence of shell
	structure single particle shall model its validity and limitations. Detational
	structure, single-particle shell model, its validity and initiations. Rotational
	spectra. Elementary ideas of alpha, beta and gamma decays and their selection
	rules. Fission and fusion. Nuclear reactions, reaction mechanism, compound
	nuclei and direct reactions. Classification of fundamental forces. Elementary
	particles and their quantum numbers (charge, spin, parity, isospin, strangeness,
	etc.). Gellmann-Nishijima formula. Quark model, baryons and mesons. C, P, and
	T invariance.
Textbooks:	1. Concepts of Modern Physics by Arthur Beiser (McGraw-Hill Book
	Company.
	2. Introduction to Electromagnetic Theory, T.L. Chow, Jones & Bartlett
	Learning Fundamentals of Electromagnetics, M.A.W. Miah, Tata McGraw
	Hill.
	3. Ouantum Physics of Atoms, Molecules, Nuclei and Solids; R. M. Eisberg
	and R. Resnick.
Reference Books	1 Mathematical Methods for Physics and Engineers K F Riley M P Hobson
Reference Dooks.	and S. I. Bence. Cambridge University Press
	2 Introduction to Solid State Physics, Charles Kittel, Wiley India Dut, I td
	2. Infoduction to Solid State 1 Hysics, Charles Kittel, whey india 1 vt. Etd.
	5. Staustical Flysics. Derkeley Physics Course by F Kell (Tata McGfaW-Hill Company I td
	Company Ltd.
	4. Fundamentals of Nuclear Physics: B. B. Srivastava.
Additional	1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=y3ARLfm-52w</u>
Electronic	2. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=SZbNx4VfMzg</u>
Reference	3.https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zy9aLwWtGDU&list=PL3V8X5aWC1
Material:	MRmSvEMZUjTU3BisDsi2KaV&index=24
	4 https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=iVAoBWv8VF&list=PI_uaeekrhGzI.9f
	Dd1Mohm9Llzah1vFYem